

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Perform the indicated operation and simplify.

1. $\frac{4x^2 - 25}{x^2 - 49} \div \frac{2x - 5}{x + 7}$

A. $\frac{2x - 5}{x + 7}$

B. $\frac{x - 7}{2x + 5}$

C. $\frac{2x + 5}{x - 7}$

D. $\frac{(2x - 5)(4x^2 - 25)}{(x^2 + 7)(x + 7)}$

2. $\frac{x}{x^2 - 16} - \frac{7}{x^2 + 5x + 4}$

A. $\frac{x^2 - 6}{(x - 4)(x + 4)(x + 1)}$

B. $\frac{x^2 - 6x + 28}{(x - 4)(x + 4)}$

C. $\frac{x^2 - 6x + 28}{(x - 4)(x + 4)(x + 1)}$

D. $\frac{x^2 + 6x + 28}{(x - 4)(x + 4)(x + 1)}$

3. $-4(q^2 - 4q + 3) + 3(-4q^2 + q - 2)$

A. $-8q^2 - 13q + 18$

B. $-16q^2 - 19q - 18$

C. $-16q^2 + 19q - 18$

D. $-16q^2 - 13q + 18$

4. $(9x - 4y)^2$

A. $9x^2 + 16y^2$

B. $9x^2 - 72xy + 16y^2$

C. $81x^2 + 16y^2$

D. $81x^2 - 72xy + 16y^2$

Factor completely. State that the polynomial is prime if it cannot be factored.

5. $24x^3 - 104x^2 - 80x$

A. $8x(3x + 2)(x - 5)$

B. $(x^2 - 5)(24x + 16)$

C. $8(3x - 2)(x + 5)$

D. $x(3x + 2)(8x - 40)$

6. $9x^2 + 49$

A. $(3x + 7)^2$

B. prime

C. $(3x - 7)^2$

D. $(3x + 7)(3x - 7)$

7. $27c^3 + 8$

A. $(3c+2)(9c^2 - 6c+4)$

C. $(3c+2)(9c^2+4)$

B. $(3c-2)(9c^2+6c+4)$

D. $(27c+2)(c^2 - 6c+4)$

Write the expression in lowest terms.

8. $\frac{a^2 - 6a}{(a+8)(a-6)}$

A. $\frac{a^2}{a+8}$

B. $\frac{1}{a+8}$

C. $\frac{a}{a+8}$

D. $\frac{a-6}{a+8}$

Solve the equation.

9. $\frac{1}{2}(4x-8) = \frac{1}{3}(12x-6)$

A. 1

B. -8

C. $\frac{1}{8}$

D. -1

Solve the equation. If the solutions involve square roots, give both the exact solutions and the approximate solutions to three decimal places

10. $2n^2 = -6n - 1$

A. $\frac{-6+\sqrt{7}}{2} \approx -1.677, \frac{-6-\sqrt{7}}{2} \approx -4.323$

B. $\frac{-3+\sqrt{11}}{2} \approx 0.158, \frac{-3-\sqrt{11}}{2} \approx -3.158$

C. $\frac{-3+\sqrt{7}}{2} \approx -0.177, \frac{-3-\sqrt{7}}{2} \approx -2.823$

D. $\frac{-3+\sqrt{7}}{4} \approx -0.089, \frac{-3-\sqrt{7}}{4} \approx -1.411$

11. $1 + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{6}{x^2}$

A. $-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}$

B. -2, 3

C. -3, 2

D. 2, 3

12. $\frac{2}{t} = \frac{t}{-4t-6}$

A. No solution

B. -6, -2

C. 0, 4

D. $0, \frac{3}{2}$

Using the variable x , write the interval as an inequality.

13. $[-7, \infty)$

A. $x < -7$

B. $x \geq -7$

C. $x \leq -7$

D. $x > -7$

14. $(-3, 1]$

A. $-3 < x < 1$

B. $-3 < x \leq 1$

C. $x \leq 1$

D. $-3 \leq x \leq 1$

Evaluate the expression. Write your answer without exponents.

15. $(-2)^{-6}$

A. -64

B. $\frac{1}{64}$

C. $\frac{1}{-64}$

D. 64

16. $\frac{1}{-3^{-3}}$

A. 27

B. -9

C. 9

D. -27

17. $\left(\frac{27}{8}\right)^{-2/3}$

A. $-\frac{9}{4}$

B. $\frac{4}{9}$

C. $\frac{9}{4}$

D. $\frac{4}{27}$

Simplify the expression. If the expression contains any variable, assume that they represent positive real numbers. Write your answer with only positive exponents.

18. $\left(\frac{x^{-3}y^2}{y^{-2}}\right)^{-2}$

A. $\frac{1}{x^6y^8}$

B. $\frac{x^6}{y^8}$

C. $\frac{y^8}{x^6}$

D. $\frac{x^6}{y^6}$

19. $\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)^{-3} + \left(\frac{y}{5}\right)^{-1}$

A. $\frac{27y+5x}{xy}$

B. $\frac{135+x^3y}{27y}$

C. $\frac{27y+5x^3}{x^3y}$

D. $\frac{27y+5x^3}{135}$

(over please)

Simplify. Assume that all variables represent positive real numbers.

20. $-\sqrt{252}$

A. $-36\sqrt{7}$

B. 6

C. $-6\sqrt{7}$

D. 15

21. $\sqrt[3]{729x^4y^5}$

A. $2xy(\sqrt[3]{xy^2})$

B. $9xy(\sqrt[2]{xy^2})$

C. $9xy(\sqrt[3]{xy})$

D. $9xy(\sqrt[3]{xy^2})$

22. $\sqrt[3]{y} \cdot \sqrt[5]{y^3}$

A. $\sqrt[8]{y^4}$

B. $\sqrt[15]{y^{14}}$

C. $\sqrt[8]{y^3}$

D. $\sqrt[15]{y^4}$

Perform the indicated operations and simplify. Assume all variables represent positive real numbers.

23. $5\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{64a}$

A. $9\sqrt[3]{a}$

B. $5\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{64a}$

C. $20\sqrt[3]{a}$

D. $6\sqrt[3]{64a}$

Simplify the root, if possible.

24. $\sqrt{16x^2 + 40x + 25}$

A. $(4x+5)^2$

B. $|4x+5|$

C. cannot be simplified

D. $4x+5$

Find the slope of the line passing through the given pair of points.

25. $(-4, 1)$ and $(-9, 1)$

A. $-\frac{2}{13}$

B. Not defined

C. $-\frac{2}{5}$

D. 0

Find an equation in slope-intercept form for the line.

26. Through $(-10, -4.5)$ and $(-6, 0.5)$

A. $y = -0.8x - 12.5$

B. $y = -1.25x - 17$

C. $y = 0.8x + 3.5$

D. $y = 1.25x + 8$

Rationalize the denominator. Assume that all radicands represent positive real numbers.

27. $\frac{7 - \sqrt{10}}{7 + \sqrt{10}}$

A. $\frac{59 - 14\sqrt{10}}{39}$

B. $\frac{39 - 14\sqrt{10}}{59}$

C. $\frac{59 + 14\sqrt{10}}{39}$

D. 1

Find the values of the variables in the equation.

28. $\begin{bmatrix} t+7 & 5 & 4 \\ 7 & -7 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 5 & 4 \\ 7 & x-8 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

A. $t = -10, x = -15$

B. $t = 14, x = -15$

C. $t = -10, x = 1$

D. $t = -3, x = -7$

Find the value.

29. Let $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $D = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$; $C - 2D$

A. $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$

B. $\begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 9 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$

C. $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -6 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$

D. $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -9 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$

The sizes of two matrices A and B are given. Find the sizes of the product AB and the product BA, whenever these products exist.

30. A is 4×3 , and B is 4×3 .

A. $4 \times 3; 3 \times 4$

B. $4 \times 4; 3 \times 3$

C. AB does not exist; BA does not exist.

D. $3 \times 4; 4 \times 3$

Find the matrix product, if possible.

31. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

A. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & -2 \\ -2 & 3 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$

B. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$

C. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -6 & -4 \\ 0 & -3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

D. Does not exist

(over please)

Find the inverse, if it exists, for the matrix.

32. $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

A.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

B.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 1 \\ -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

C.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ \frac{1}{2} & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

D.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find the probability.

33. A bag contains 6 red marbles, 3 blue marbles, and 1 green marble. What is the probability that a randomly selected marble is not blue?

A. $\frac{10}{7}$

B. 7

C. $\frac{3}{10}$

D. $\frac{7}{10}$

How many distinguishable permutations of letters are possible in the word?

34. GIGGLE

A. 4320

B. 36

C. 120

D. 720

Solve the problem.

35. A shirt company has 3 designs that can be made with short or long sleeves. There are 6 color patterns available. How many different types of shirts are available from this company?

A. 36 types

B. 11 types

C. 9 types

D. 18 types

36. A restaurant offered salads with 3 types of dressings and one choice of 5 different toppings. How many different types of salads could be offered?

A. 25 types

B. 8 types

C. 9 types

D. 15 types

37. A bag contains 5 apples and 3 oranges. If you select 4 pieces of fruit without looking, how many ways can you get exactly 3 apples?

A. 180 ways

B. 20 ways

C. 30 ways

D. 60 ways

Answer Key

Testname: 2019.COMPUTATIONAL MATH

1. C
2. C
3. C
4. D
5. A
6. B
7. A
8. C
9. D
10. C
11. C
12. B
13. B
14. B
15. B
16. D
17. B
18. B
19. C
20. C
21. D
22. B
23. A
24. B
25. D
26. D
27. A
28. C
29. D
30. C
31. A
32. D
33. D
34. C
35. A
36. D
37. C